What is a Better Buildings Accelerator?
The U.S. Department of Energy’s (DOE) Better Buildings Accelerators are collaborative peer-to-peer networks designed to facilitate learning and leadership opportunities that result in new strategies and practices in clean energy deployment. Accelerators focus on partner-identified areas that aim to overcome persistent barriers to clean energy options. Better Buildings Accelerators are:

- **ISSUE SPECIFIC**
- **TIME BOUND**
- **RESULTS-DRIVEN**

Through Better Buildings Accelerators, public and private sector partners and key stakeholder organizations forge connections and access valuable best practices that lead to smarter and longer-lasting energy savings solutions. Accelerators create the framework to work through clean energy deployment barriers by facilitating problem-solving among participants, peer-to-peer sharing, and targeted technical assistance. In addition to problem-solving, the Accelerators can sometimes identify new barriers, issues, or challenges that may be addressed subsequently by DOE or others. This approach does not work for all types of barriers. If it becomes clear that an Accelerator cannot solve an issue within the specific timeline, the Accelerator sunsets and the issue may become part of a larger program that DOE works to solve over a longer timeframe.

**SPOTLIGHT – TOOLKIT: CLEAN ENERGY FOR LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES**

The Clean Energy for Low-Income Communities Accelerator (CELICA) was a two-year partnership with state and local governments to better understand and address low-income energy challenges. CELICA partners committed $335 million to help 155,000 low-income households access energy efficiency and renewable energy benefits, collecting resources and lessons learned into the CELICA Toolkit.

The CELICA Toolkit was developed to enable communities to learn and benefit from the work of the Accelerator partners. It includes:

- **Program Development Activities** – Planning and implementation strategies for program administrators such as Stakeholder Engagement, Community Assessment and Barriers Analysis, Action Planning, and Metrics
- **Program Models** – Best practices for designing programs for Single-Family Housing, Multifamily Housing, and Community Solar
- **Quick-Start Guide** – Guidance for how to use the Toolkit based on your specific needs

**GET IN TOUCH FOR MORE INFORMATION**

Share your challenge with us today. DOE is looking to engage on the next set of market or technical barriers by bringing new, impactful Better Buildings Accelerators to a community near you.

Interested in participating? Contact betterbuildings@ee.doe.gov to learn more about joining.
Better Buildings Accelerators Focus on Key Market Issues to Increase Clean Energy

Active Accelerators

- **Building Energy Data Analysis**: Public and private sector leaders, researchers, utilities, and others commit to working with DOE and national labs to develop and test a unique building identifier (UBID) that enables spatial tagging to reduce the barriers to and cost of joining different building datasets.

- **Data Centers**: Participating organizations including national laboratories, universities, and businesses commit to reducing the infrastructure energy intensity of one or more of their data centers by 25 percent over five years.

- **Packaged Combined Heat and Power (CHP)**: Participating organizations will validate that installation times and total project costs for pre-engineered, technically-validated packaged CHP systems can be reduced by 20 percent or more.

- **Smart Labs**: Universities, corporations, national laboratories, hospitals, and federal agencies are working together to identify model strategies to overcoming common energy-efficiency barriers in labs, including operational changes, technological upgrades, and strategic energy management.

- **Zero Energy Districts**: Partners will demonstrate the practicality of taking action to cost-effectively meet zero energy goals and commitments by completing a detailed energy master plan, governance and business case model, and development pathway for a Zero Energy District that can be shared and replicated.

- **Zero Energy Schools**: Working with key stakeholders including states, school districts, and others working toward Zero Energy Schools construction, partners will demonstrate that Zero Energy Buildings can be constructed with today’s technologies at the cost of a conventional code-compliant school.

Completed Accelerators

- **Clean Energy for Low-Income Communities (CELICA)**: Cities, states, community organizations, and others committed $335 million to help 155,000 low-income households access energy efficiency and renewable energy benefits, collecting resources and lessons learned into the CELICA Toolkit.

- **CHP for Resiliency**: Partners developed tools to help communities leverage CHP as a reliable, high-efficiency energy source for critical infrastructure, including the Distributed Generation for Resilience Planning Guide and the CHP for Resilience Site Screening Tool.

- **Energy Data Access**: As a result of this two-year partnership with cities and utilities, 18 utilities serving over 2.6 million commercial customers nationwide provided whole-building energy data access to building owners.

- **Energy Savings Performance Contracting (ESPC)**: Partners catalyzed more than $2 billion in public-sector energy efficiency investments through the use of innovative and best-practice approaches captured in a toolkit on how to develop and enhance ESPC projects and programs.

- **Home Energy Information**: Partners developed replicable, sustainable approaches to making energy-related information easily accessible to home buyers and sellers through multiple listing services (MLS) and other reports.

- **Home Upgrade Program**: Administrators of home energy upgrade programs demonstrated the ability to bring services to more homes across the country by minimizing operational costs and improving overall program effectiveness.

- **Industrial Superior Energy Performance (SEP)**: Manufacturers, utilities, and energy efficiency program administrators collaborated to demonstrate cost-effective approaches to implementing strategic energy management programs.

- **Outdoor Lighting**: Cities, states, and regional groups converted over 1.3 million poles to more efficient lighting options and compiled solutions to the barriers to system-wide replacement processes into a decision-tree and toolkit.

- **Sustainable Wastewater Infrastructure of the Future (SWIFT)**: State, regional, and local agencies engaged water resource recovery facilities in their jurisdictions to accelerate a pathway towards sustainable wastewater infrastructure.

Through Better Buildings, DOE aims to make commercial, public, industrial, and residential buildings 20 percent more energy-efficient over 10 years. This means saving hundreds of billions of dollars on energy bills and creating thousands of jobs. Better Buildings partners represent public and private sector organizations across the country, working with DOE to share and replicate positive gains in energy efficiency. Learn more on the [Better Buildings Solution Center](https://betterbuildingssolutioncenter.energy.gov).